



Opening Time: 08:30 Closing Time: 17:30 Address: Yaylalı Mahallesi Tavas Caddesi No: 2 Karacasu/ Aydın • Phone: 0256 448 80 86 Please visit the web site for up-to-date information.

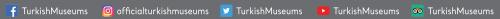


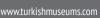


















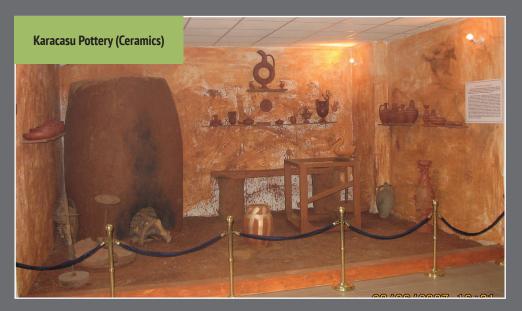


History:

Karacasu District is a very old settlement. It is not known exactly when the settled life in the region began. However, from the historical artefacts found in the Ancient City of Aphrodisias and its surroundings, it is considered that the history of the district dates back to 5-6 thousand years ago.

According to Byzantine sources, the capture of the district and its surroundings by the Turks and the settlement of the Turkish tribes in the region coincides with the Battle of Manzikert in 1071. According to historical sources, it is understood that Eymur Tribe of Dağhan Family, which is one of the Seljuk Clans, is settled around Ataeymir Town; Ayhan Clan Yazırlı Tribe is settled around Yazır Village and its surroundings; the "Karasül" tribe, descendent of these tribes founded the "Karacasu Village" around the Cuma Neighborhood.

Between the 11th and 13th centuries, the region passed into the hands of the Seljuks four times and the lands of Karacasu were inhabited by the Turkmen tribes; the region was dominated by the Menteşe Principality for a while and then by the Aydınoğulları Principality. In 1413, Murat II annexed the lands of Karacasu to the Ottoman Empire and Karacasu, which became a "subdistrict" of Nazilli in 1864, has been connected to Aydın as a "District" since 1867.



Pottery, traditionally continued (with master-apprentice relationship) in the workshops in Cuma Neighborhood of Karacasu District, constitutes an important occupation of the people and provides a source of livelihood. Pottery is an important occupation for the district and there is pottery animation in the museum.



Karacasu Weaving had its golden period between 1930 and 1965. In this period, each house reached the number of stalls. However, there is limited production today. There is an animation related to weaving in the museum.



The history of the Art of Blacksmithing dates back to approximately 3000 years from today. Blacksmithing is an important occupation for the district and there is blacksmithing animation in the museum.



Showcase displaying weapon and sword samples



Leather production continues in the district.

The section where the materials used in leatherwork are exhibited



Weaving samples collected from the region are exhibited in our museum.



Leather production continues in the district. Snake Headed Wooden Pediment Decorated with Herbal and Animal Figures.